



# **BT Premium Cash Fund**

ARSN 089 299 730

Annual report — for the year ended  
30 June 2010





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These financial statements cover BT Premium Cash Fund as an individual entity.

The Responsible Entity of BT Premium Cash Fund is BT Funds Management Limited (ABN 63 002 916 458). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 20, 275 Kent Street, Sydney, NSW 2000.

The directors of BT Funds Management Limited, the Responsible Entity of BT Premium Cash Fund, present their report together with the financial statements of BT Premium Cash Fund ('the Fund') for the year ended 30 June 2010.

### Principal activities

The Fund invests in unlisted unit trusts in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The Fund did not have any employees during the year.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Fund's activities during the year.

### Directors

The following persons held office as directors of BT Funds Management Limited during the year or since the end of the year and up to the date of this report:

- D Lees (appointed 1 November 2005, resigned 1 October 2009, reappointed 7 July 2010)
- J Frechtling (appointed 2 June 2008)
- J Shuttleworth (appointed 18 June 2008)
- G McGrath (appointed 6 February 2009)
- S Khan (appointed 1 October 2009).

### Review and results of operations

During the year, the Fund continued to invest funds in accordance with target asset allocations as set out in the governing documents of the Fund and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

### Results

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2010 \$'000	30 June 2009 \$'000
Operating profit/(loss) before finance costs attributable to unitholders	6,277	16,860
<b>Distributions</b>		
Distribution paid and payable	6,277	16,860

→ **Directors' report  
(continued)**

The next table demonstrates the performance of the Fund's units as represented by the total return, which is calculated as the aggregation of the percentage capital growth and percentage distribution of income. The total return is shown for the past five years to 30 June 2010 and assumes that all distributions were re-invested during that period. These are calculated in accordance with IFSA Standard 6.0 Product Performance — calculation and presentation of returns.

	2010 %	2009 %	2008 %	2007 %	2006 %
Distribution of income	<b>3.60</b>	5.28	7.06	6.11	5.51
<b>Total return</b>	<b>3.60</b>	5.28	7.06	6.11	5.51

Consistent with our statements in the governing documents of the Fund, future performance is not guaranteed. Investors should exercise care in using past performance as a predictor of future performance.

**Unit redemption prices**

Unit redemption prices are shown as follows:

	2010 \$	2009 \$	2008 \$	2007 \$	2006 \$
At 30 June	<b>1.0000</b>	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000

The price has remained stable since inception of the fund although no guarantee can be given that it will continue to do so.

The key differences between net assets for unit pricing purposes and net assets as reported in the financial statements prepared under Australian Accounting Standards have been outlined in the next table:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2010 \$'000	30 June 2009 \$'000
Net assets for unit pricing purposes	147,050	229,128
Difference between net market value (for unit pricing) and fair value (for financial statements) of financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	—	—
Effect of classification of net assets attributable to unitholders as liabilities	(147,050)	(229,128)
<b>Net assets under Australian Accounting Standards</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>

**Significant changes in state of affairs**

In the opinion of the directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund that occurred during the financial year.

**Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year**

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2010 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- i\_the operations of the Fund in future financial years, or
- ii\_the results of those operations in future financial years, or
- iii\_the state of affairs of the Fund in future financial years.

**Likely developments and expected results of operations**

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the governing documents of the Fund and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The results of the Fund's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Fund invests. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Further information on likely developments in the operations of the Fund and the expected results of those operations have not been included in this report because the Responsible Entity believes it would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Fund.

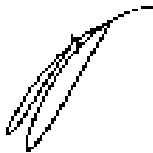
## Directors' report (continued)

<b>Indemnity and insurance of officers</b>	No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Fund in regards to insurance cover provided to either the officers of BT Funds Management Limited or the auditors of the Fund.
<b>Indemnity of auditors</b>	The auditors of the Fund are in no way indemnified out of the assets of the Fund.
<b>Fees paid to and interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity or its associates</b>	<p>Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of Fund property during the year are disclosed in note 10 of the financial statements.</p> <p>No fees were paid out of Fund property to the directors of the Responsible Entity during the year.</p> <p>The number of interests in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity or its associates as at the end of the financial year are disclosed in note 10 of the financial statements.</p>
<b>Interests in the Fund</b>	<p>The movement in units on issue in the Fund during the year is disclosed in note 6 of the financial statements.</p> <p>The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed on the balance sheet and derived using the basis set out in note 2 of the financial statements.</p>
<b>Environmental regulation</b>	The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under a Commonwealth, State or Territory law.
<b>Rounding of amounts to the nearest thousand dollars</b>	The Fund is an entity of the kind referred to in Class Order 98/0100 (as amended) issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission relating to the 'rounding off' of amounts in the directors' report. Amounts in the directors' report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with that Class Order, unless otherwise indicated.

**Auditor's independence  
declaration**

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 6.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

A stylized, handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of several overlapping loops and a long, sweeping tail that curves upwards and to the right.

Gai McGrath  
Director

A handwritten signature in black ink, featuring a large, bold initial 'J' followed by a series of connected, fluid letters.

John Frechtling  
Director

Sydney  
3 September 2010

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## Auditor's Independence Declaration

As lead auditor for the audit of BT Premium Cash Fund for the year ended 30 June 2010, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- (a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of BT Premium Cash Fund.



Claire Keating  
Partner  
PricewaterhouseCoopers

Sydney  
3 September 2010



→ **Statement of  
comprehensive income**

For the year ended  
30 June 2010

	Notes	Year ended	
		30 June 2010 \$'000	30 June 2009 \$'000
Investment income			
Interest income	4	9	66
Distributions from unit trusts		6,977	18,074
Total net investment income/(loss)		6,986	18,140
Expenses			
Responsible Entity's fees	10	630	1,197
Other operating expenses	5	79	83
Total operating expenses		709	1,280
Operating profit/(loss)		6,277	16,860
Finance costs attributable to unitholders			
Distributions to unitholders	7	(6,277)	(16,860)
Profit/(loss) for the year		—	—
Other comprehensive income		—	—
Total comprehensive income		—	—

The above statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

	Notes	As at	
		30 June 2010 \$'000	30 June 2009 \$'000
<b>Assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	142,978	222,326
Accrued income		624	965
Receivables		5,147	8,241
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>148,749</b>	<b>231,532</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Distribution payable	7	1,543	2,050
Payables		156	354
<b>Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unitholders)</b>		<b>1,699</b>	<b>2,404</b>
<b>Net assets attributable to unitholders – liability</b>	6	<b>147,050</b>	<b>229,128</b>

The above balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

## Statement of changes in equity

For the year ended  
30 June 2010

	Year ended	
	30 June 2010 \$'000	30 June 2009 \$'000
<b>Total equity at the beginning of the financial year</b>	—	—
Profit/(loss) for the year	—	—
Other comprehensive income	—	—
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>	—	—
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners	—	—
<b>Total equity at the end of the financial year</b>	—	—

Under Australian Accounting Standards, net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability rather than equity. As a result there was no equity at the start or end of the year.

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

## Statement of cash flows

For the year ended  
30 June 2010

	Notes	Year ended	
		30 June 2010 \$'000	30 June 2009 \$'000
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Interest received		11	63
Trust distributions received		7,316	19,492
Responsible Entity's fees received/(paid)		(832)	(1,183)
Payment of other expenses		(75)	(97)
<b>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities</b>	11(a)	<b>6,420</b>	<b>18,275</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Proceeds from applications by unitholders		89,123	433,258
Payments for redemptions by unitholders		(173,525)	(560,616)
Distributions paid		(1,366)	(4,241)
<b>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities</b>		<b>(85,768)</b>	<b>(131,599)</b>
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>		<b>(79,348)</b>	<b>(113,324)</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		222,326	335,650
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	8	<b>142,978</b>	<b>222,326</b>
Non-cash financing activities	11(b)		

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

**1\_General information**

These financial statements cover BT Premium Cash Fund ('the Fund') as an individual entity. The Fund was constituted on 27 August 1999.

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is BT Funds Management Limited (the 'Responsible Entity'). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 20, 275 Kent Street, Sydney, NSW 2000. The financial statements are presented in the Australian currency.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 3 September 2010. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

**2\_Summary of significant accounting policies**

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated in the following text.

**a\_Basis of preparation**

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, Urgent Issues Group Interpretations and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities except where otherwise stated.

*Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards*

The financial statements of the Fund also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

*Financial statement presentation*

The Fund has applied the revised AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements* which became effective on 1 January 2009. The revised standard requires the separate presentation of a statement of comprehensive income and a statement of changes in equity. All non-owner changes in equity must now be presented in the statement of comprehensive income. As a consequence, the Fund had to change the presentation of its financial statements. Comparative information has been re-presented so that it is also in conformity with the revised standard.

**b\_Financial instruments**

**i\_Classification**

The Fund's investments are classified as at fair value through profit or loss. They comprise:

→ **Financial instruments held for trading**

Derivative financial instruments such as futures, forward contracts, options and interest rate swaps are included under this classification. The Fund does not designate any derivatives as hedges in a hedging relationship.

- **Financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition**  
These include financial assets that are not held for trading purposes and which may be sold.  
These are investments in exchange traded debt and equity instruments, unlisted trusts, unlisted equity instruments and commercial paper.  
Financial assets and financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception are those that are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy. The Fund's policy is for the Responsible Entity to evaluate the information about these financial assets on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.
- ii. **Recognition/derecognition**  
The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.  
Investments are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the investments has expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.
- iii. **Measurement**  
*Financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss*  
The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on their quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Fund is the current bid price and the quoted market price for financial liabilities is the current asking price.  
  
The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using valuation techniques. Accordingly, there may be a difference between the fair value at initial recognition and amounts determined using a valuation technique. If such a difference exists, the Fund recognises the difference in profit or loss to reflect a change in factors, including time, that market participants would consider in setting a price.  
Further details on how the fair values of financial instruments are determined are disclosed in note 3(e).

#### *Loans and receivables*

Loan assets are measured initially at fair value plus transaction costs and subsequently amortised using the effective interest rate method, less impairment losses if any. Such assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment.

If evidence of impairment exists, an impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss recognised on a financial asset carried at amortised cost decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the write-down, the write-down is reversed through the statement of comprehensive income.

#### **iv\_ Offsetting financial instruments**

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### **c\_ Net assets attributable to unitholders**

Units are redeemable at the unitholders' option and are classified as financial liabilities due to mandatory distributions. The units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash based on the redemption price. The fair value of redeemable units is measured at the redemption amount that is payable (based on the redemption unit price) at the end of the reporting period if unitholders exercised their right to redeem units in the Fund.

#### **d\_ Cash and cash equivalents**

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, cash management trusts and bank overdrafts.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as movements in the fair value of these securities represent the Fund's main income generating activity.

#### **e\_ Investment income**

Trust distributions (including distributions from cash management trusts) are recognised on a present entitlement basis.

#### **f\_ Expenses**

All expenses, including Responsible Entity's fees, are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on an accruals basis.

→ **Notes to the financial statements (continued)**

**g\_Income tax**

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax provided the taxable income of the Fund is fully distributed either by way of cash or reinvestment (ie unitholders are presently entitled to the income of the Fund).

Financial instruments held at fair value may include unrealised capital gains. Should such a gain be realised, that portion of the gain that is subject to capital gains tax will be distributed so that the Fund is not subject to capital gains tax.

Realised capital losses are not distributed to unitholders but are retained in the Fund to be offset against any realised capital gains. If realised capital gains exceed realised capital losses, the excess is distributed to unitholders.

**h\_Distributions**

In accordance with the Fund's Constitution, the Fund fully distributes its distributable (taxable) income, and any other amounts determined by the Responsible Entity, to unitholders by cash or reinvestment. The distributions are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as finance costs attributable to unitholders.

**i\_Due from/to brokers**

Amounts due from/to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by the end of the year. Trades are recorded on trade date, and normally settled within three business days. A provision for impairment of amounts due from brokers is established when there is objective evidence that the Fund will not be able to collect all amounts due from the relevant broker. Indicators that the amount due from brokers is impaired include significant financial difficulties of the broker, probability that the broker will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation and default in payments.

**j\_Accrued income**

Accrued income may include amounts for dividends, trust distributions and interest. Dividends and trust distributions are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Interest is accrued at the reporting date from the time of last payment. Amounts are generally received within 45 days of being recorded as receivables.

**k\_Receivables**

Receivables include such items as Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) and application monies receivable from unitholders.



#### **l\_Payables**

Payables includes liabilities, accrued expenses and redemption monies owing by the Fund which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

The distribution amount payable to unitholders as at the end of the reporting period is recognised separately in the balance sheet when unitholders are presently entitled to the distributable income under the Fund's Constitution.

#### **m\_Goods and Services Tax (GST)**

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Fund by third parties such as investment management fees have been passed onto the Fund. The Fund qualifies for RITC at a rate of 75% hence investment management fees, custodial fees and other expenses have been recognised in the statement of comprehensive income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Accounts payable are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the balance sheet. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the cash flow statement on a gross basis.

#### **n\_Use of estimates**

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

For the majority of the Fund's financial instruments, quoted market prices are readily available. However, certain financial instruments, for example, over-the-counter derivatives or unquoted securities are fair valued using valuation techniques. Where valuation techniques (for example, pricing models) are used to determine fair values, they are validated and periodically reviewed by experienced personnel of the Responsible Entity, independent of the area that created them. Models are calibrated by back-testing to actual transactions to ensure that outputs are reliable.

Models use observable data, to the extent practicable. However, areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations require management to make estimates. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

For certain other financial instruments, including amounts due from/to brokers and payables, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the immediate or short-term nature of these financial instruments.

→ **Notes to the financial statements (continued)**

**o. New accounting standards and interpretations**

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the 30 June 2010 reporting period. Management's assessment of the impact of these new standards (to the extent relevant to the Fund) and interpretations is set out below:

**i. AASB 9 Financial Instruments and AASB 2009-11 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 (effective from 1 January 2013)**

AASB 9 Financial Instruments addresses the classification and measurement of financial assets. The standard is not applicable until 1 January 2013 but is available for early adoption. AASB 9 only permits the recognition of fair value gains and losses in other comprehensive income if they relate to equity investments that are not traded. Fair value gains and losses on available-for-sale debt investments, for example, will therefore have to be recognised directly in the statement of comprehensive income. The Fund has not yet decided when to adopt AASB 9. However, management does not expect this will have a significant impact on the Fund's financial statements as the Fund does not hold any available-for-sale investments.

**ii. AASB 2009-5 Further Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Annual Improvements Project [AASB 5, 8, 101, 107, 117, 118, 136 and 139] (effective from 1 July 2010)**

In May 2009 the AASB issued a number of improvements to AASB 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations, AASB 8 Operating Segments, AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, AASB 107 Statement of Cash Flows, AASB 117 Leases, AASB 118 Revenue, AASB 136 Impairment of Assets and AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. The Fund will apply the revised Standards from 1 July 2010. The Fund does not expect that any adjustments will be necessary as a result of applying the revised rules.

**iii. Revised AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures and AASB 2009-12 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards (effective from 1 January 2011)**

In December 2009 the AASB issued a revised AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures. It is effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011 and must be applied retrospectively. The amendment removes the requirement for government-related entities to disclose details of all transactions with the government and other government-related entities and clarifies and simplifies the definition of a related party. The Fund will apply the amended standard from 1 July 2011. When the amendments are applied, the Fund would need to disclose any transactions between its subsidiaries and its associates.

However, as the Fund does not have any subsidiaries and associates, the amendment will not have any effect on the Fund's financial statements.

**p\_Rounding of amounts**

The Fund is an entity of the kind referred to in Class Order 98/0100 (as amended), issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, relating to the 'rounding off' of amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with that Class Order, unless otherwise indicated.

**3\_Financial risk management**

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including price risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on ensuring compliance with the governing documents of the Fund and seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed. The Fund may also use (or uses) derivative financial instruments to alter certain risk exposures. Financial risk management is carried out by the Investment Manager.

The Fund uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of interest rate, foreign exchange and other price risks and ratings analysis for credit risk.

The Investment Manager mitigates these financial risks through diversification and a careful selection of securities and other financial instruments within specified limits set by management.

The Fund's performance exceptions to the UBS Bank Bill Index, which is the Fund's benchmark, are reported to a senior management committee on a regular basis.

**a\_Market risk**

**i\_Price risk**

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. There is no significant direct price risk in this Fund.

The Fund holds units in a cash management trust which invests primarily in money market securities which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. The key risks associated with these securities are disclosed under interest rate risk.

**ii\_Foreign exchange risk**

There is no significant direct foreign exchange risk in this Fund.

→ **Notes to the financial statements (continued)**

**iii\_Interest rate risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Changes in interest rates can have a direct or indirect impact on the investment value and/or returns of all types of assets.

The Fund holds units in cash management trusts and is exposed to interest rate risk through those investments.

Exceptions to the compliance with the Fund's fixed interest policy are reported to management on a regular basis.

The next table summarises the Fund's exposure to interest rate risks. It includes the Fund's assets and liabilities at fair values, categorised by the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity dates.

		<b>Floating interest rate \$'000</b>	<b>Fixed interest rate \$'000</b>	<b>Non-interest bearing \$'000</b>	<b>Total \$'000</b>
<b>30 June 2010</b>	<b>Financial assets</b>				
	Cash and cash equivalents	<b>142,978</b>	—	—	<b>142,978</b>
	Accrued Income	—	—	<b>624</b>	<b>624</b>
	Receivables	—	—	<b>5,147</b>	<b>5,147</b>
	<b>Financial liabilities</b>				
	Distribution payable	—	—	<b>(1,543)</b>	<b>(1,543)</b>
	Payables	—	—	<b>(156)</b>	<b>(156)</b>
	<b>Net exposure</b>	<b>142,978</b>	—	<b>4,072</b>	<b>147,050</b>
<b>30 June 2009</b>	<b>Financial assets</b>				
	Cash and cash equivalents	222,326	—	—	222,326
	Accrued Income	—	—	965	965
	Receivables	—	—	8,241	8,241
	<b>Financial liabilities</b>				
	Distribution payable	—	—	(2,050)	(2,050)
	Payables	—	—	(354)	(354)
	<b>Net exposure</b>	<b>222,326</b>	—	<b>6,802</b>	<b>229,128</b>

An analysis of financial liabilities by maturities is provided in paragraph (d). The table presented in note 3(b) summarises sensitivity analysis to interest rate risk.

**b. Summarised sensitivity analysis**

The next table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to unitholders to interest rate risk. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been determined based on management estimates, having regard to a number of factors, including historical levels of changes in market

index, security prices and/or benchmark returns, interest rates and foreign exchange rates. However, actual movements in the risk variables may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market shocks resulting from changes in the performance of the economies, markets and securities to which the variable is exposed. As a result, historic variations in risk variables are not a definitive indicator of future variations in the risk variables.

	Interest rate risk	
	Impact on operating profit/Net assets attributable to unitholders	
	-1.00% (2009: -1.00%) \$'000	+1.00% (2009: +1.00%) \$'000
30 June 2010	(1,430)	1,430
30 June 2009	(2,223)	2,223

In determining the impact of an increase/decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders arising from market risk, the Responsible Entity has considered prior period and expected future movements of the portfolio based on market information.

#### c\_Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will fail to perform contractual obligations, either in whole or in part, under a contract.

Credit risk primarily arises from investments in debt securities and from trading derivative products. Other credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and other financial institutions and amounts due from brokers. None of these assets are impaired nor past due but not impaired.

The cash management trust invested into by the Fund is exposed to credit risk.

Concentrations of direct credit risk are minimised primarily by:

- ensuring counterparties, together with the respective credit limits, are approved, and
- ensuring that transactions are undertaken with a number of counterparties.

Exceptions to the compliance with the Fund's credit risk policy are reported to management on a regular basis.

There were no significant direct concentrations of credit risk to counterparties at 30 June 2010 or 30 June 2009.

→ **Notes to the financial statements (continued)**

**d\_Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will experience difficulty in either realising assets or otherwise raising sufficient funds to satisfy commitments associated with financial instruments.

The Fund is exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units.

The Fund holds units in cash management trust which are priced daily and can be readily disposed of.

The risk management guidelines adopted are designed to minimise liquidity risk through:

- ensuring that there is no significant exposure to illiquid or thinly traded financial instruments, and
- applying limits to ensure there is no concentration of liquidity risk to a particular counterparty.

Exceptions to the above are reported to management on a regular basis.

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period to the earliest possible contractual maturity date at the year end date. The amounts in the table are contractual undiscounted cash flows.

		< 1 month \$'000	1–3 months \$'000	> 3 months \$'000
<b>At 30 June 2010</b>	Distribution payable	<b>1,543</b>	—	—
	Payables	<b>156</b>	—	—
	Net assets attributable to unitholders	<b>147,050</b>	—	—
	<b>Total financial liabilities</b>	<b>148,749</b>	—	—
<b>At 30 June 2009</b>	Distribution payable	2,050	—	—
	Payables	354	—	—
	Net assets attributable to unitholders	229,128	—	—
	<b>Total financial liabilities</b>	231,532	—	—

**e\_Fair value estimation**

The carrying amounts of the Fund's assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period approximate their fair values.

Financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss are measured initially at fair value excluding any transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately. Subsequent to initial recognition, all instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with changes in their fair value recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

#### **i. Fair value in an active market**

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on their quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

#### **ii. Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market**

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

Where discounted cash flow techniques are used, estimated future cash flows are based on management's best estimates and the discount rate used is a market rate at the end of the reporting period applicable for an instrument with similar terms and conditions.

For other pricing models, inputs are based on market data at the end of the reporting period. Fair values for unquoted equity investments are estimated, if possible, using applicable price/earnings ratios for similar listed companies adjusted to reflect the specific circumstances of the issuer.

The fair value of derivatives that are not exchange traded is estimated at the amount that the Fund would receive or pay to terminate the contract at the end of the reporting period taking into account current market conditions (volatility and appropriate yield curve) and the current creditworthiness of the counterparties. The fair value of a forward contract is determined as a net present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at appropriate market rates as at the valuation date. The fair value of an option contract is determined by applying the Black Scholes option valuation model.

Investments in other unlisted unit trusts are recorded at the redemption value per unit as reported by the managers of such funds.

#### **f. Fair value hierarchy**

The Fund has adopted the amendments to AASB 7, effective 1 July 2009. This requires the Fund to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the subjectivity of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

→ **Notes to the financial statements (continued)**

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgement by the Responsible Entity. The Responsible Entity considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

As the Fund invests in cash and cash equivalents, at 30 June 2010, the Fund did not have any financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value.

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and therefore classified within level 1, include active unlisted unit trusts, active listed equities, exchange traded derivatives, currency contracts, money market securities, government bonds and listed corporate debt.

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within level 2. These include certain unlisted corporate debt and floating rate notes, warrants, swaps, certain unlisted unit trusts and certain listed equities. As level 2 investments include positions that are not traded in active markets and/or are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations may be adjusted to reflect illiquidity and/or non transferability, which are generally based on available market information.

Investments classified within level 3 have significant unobservable inputs, as they are infrequently traded. Level 3 instruments include certain unlisted shares, certain corporate debt securities and unlisted unit trusts with suspended applications and withdrawals. As observable prices are not available for these securities, the Responsible Entity has used valuation techniques to derive fair value.

There have been no transfers between levels for the year ended 30 June 2010.



#### 4\_Interest income

The following table details the interest income earned by the Fund during the year:

Interest income from financial assets that are not at fair value through profit or loss:	Year ended 30 June	
	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	9	66
<b>Total interest income</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>66</b>

#### 5\_Other operating expenses

	Year ended 30 June	
	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000
Reimbursable expenses	79	79
Other	—	4
	<b>79</b>	<b>83</b>

Included in reimbursable expenses are auditor's remuneration for auditing the financial report of \$15,316 (2009: \$15,422) and other services of \$760 (2009: \$1,142).

#### 6\_Net assets attributable to unitholders

Movements in number of units and net assets attributable to unitholders during the year were as follows:

	30 June 2010 No. '000	30 June 2009 No. '000	30 June 2010 \$'000	30 June 2009 \$'000
<b>Net assets attributable to unitholders</b>				
Opening balance	229,128	299,033	229,128	299,033
Applications	86,029	441,499	86,029	441,499
Redemptions	(173,525)	(528,129)	(173,525)	(528,129)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	5,418	16,725	5,418	16,725
Closing balance	147,050	229,128	147,050	229,128

As stipulated within the Fund's Constitution, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Fund and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Fund. There are no separate classes of units and each unit has the same rights attaching to it as all other units of the Fund.

#### Capital risk management

The Responsible Entity manages the Fund's net assets attributable to unitholders as capital, notwithstanding net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

→ **Notes to the financial statements (continued)**

The Responsible Entity manages the Fund's net assets attributable to unitholders as capital. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

**7\_Distributions to unitholders**

		Year ended	
		30 June 2010 \$'000	30 June 2009 \$'000
<b>Distributions</b>			
Distributions paid	30 September	<b>1,519</b>	5,334
	31 December	<b>1,507</b>	5,067
	31 March	<b>1,575</b>	3,608
	30 June	<b>133</b>	801
Distribution payable	30 June	<b>1,543</b>	2,050
		<b>6,277</b>	16,860

**8\_Cash and cash equivalents**

	As at	
	30 June 2010 \$'000	30 June 2009 \$'000
Cash at bank	<b>425</b>	4,754
Cash management trusts	<b>142,553</b>	217,572
	<b>142,978</b>	222,326

**9\_Derivative financial instruments**

In the normal course of business the Fund enters into transactions in various derivative financial instruments with certain risks. A derivative is a financial instrument or other contract which is settled at a future date and whose value changes in response to the change in a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index or other variable.

Derivative financial instruments require no initial net investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would be required for other types of contracts that would be expected to have a similar response to changes in market factors.

Derivative transactions include many different instruments such as forwards, futures and options. Derivatives are considered to be part of the investment process and the use of derivatives is an essential part of the Fund's portfolio management. Derivatives are not managed in isolation. Consequently, the use of derivatives is multifaceted and includes:

- hedging to protect an asset or liability of the Fund against a fluctuation in market values or to reduce volatility
- a substitution for trading of physical securities
- adjusting asset exposures within the parameters set in the investment strategy, and/or adjusting the duration of fixed interest portfolios or the weighted average maturity of cash portfolios.

While derivatives are used for trading purposes, they are not used to gear (leverage) a portfolio. Gearing a portfolio would occur if the level of exposure to the markets exceeds the underlying value of the Fund.

As at the end of the reporting period, there were no derivative financial instruments held by the Fund (2009: \$Nil).

## 10\_Related party transactions

### Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is BT Funds Management Limited (ABN 63 002 916 458), a wholly owned subsidiary of BT Australia Pty Limited (ABN 72 000 700 247). The ultimate parent entity is Westpac Banking Corporation (ABN 33 007 457 141). The registered office of the Responsible Entity and the Fund is Level 20, 275 Kent Street, Sydney, NSW, 2000.

### Key management personnel

#### a\_Directors

Key management personnel includes persons who were directors of BT Funds Management Limited at any time during the financial year as follows:

- D Lees (appointed 1 November 2005, resigned 1 October 2009, reappointed 7 July 2010)
- J Frechtling (appointed 2 June 2008)
- J Shuttleworth (appointed 18 June 2008)
- G McGrath (appointed 6 February 2009)
- S Khan (appointed 1 October 2009).

#### b\_Other key management personnel

The following persons also had authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Fund, directly or indirectly during the financial year:

Name	Position	Employer
R Coombe <sup>1</sup>	CEO, BT Financial Group	Westpac Banking Corporation
B Cooper	CEO, BT Financial Group	Westpac Banking Corporation

### Responsible Entity's/manager's fees and other transactions

For the year ended 30 June 2010, in accordance with the Fund's Constitution, the Responsible Entity received a total fee of 0.35% (inclusive of GST, net of RITC available to the Fund) per annum (2009: 0.35%).

<sup>1</sup> On 29 January 2010, R Coombe resigned as CEO of BT Financial Group. On 1 February 2010, B Cooper was appointed as CEO. There were no other persons with

responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Fund, directly or indirectly during the financial year.

→ **Notes to the financial statements (continued)**

In addition to the Responsible Entity's fee, the Responsible Entity is entitled to be reimbursed out of the Fund for costs including expenses in connection with the keeping and preparation of accounting records and the maintenance of the register.

All related party transactions are conducted on normal commercial terms and conditions. The transactions during the year and amounts payable at year end between the Fund and the Responsible Entity were as follows:

	30 June 2010 \$'000	30 June 2009 \$'000
Management fees for the year paid/(received) by the Fund to/(from) the Responsible Entity	630	1,197
Administration expenses incurred by the Responsible Entity which are reimbursed in accordance with the Fund's Constitution	79	79
Aggregate amounts payable/(receivable) to/(from) the Responsible Entity at the end of the reporting period	156	354

**Related party schemes' unitholdings**

Parties related to the Fund (including BT Funds Management Limited, its related parties and other schemes managed by BT Funds Management Limited), hold no units in the Fund (2009: Nil).

**Key management personnel unitholdings**

At 30 June 2010 no key management personnel held units in the Fund (2009: Nil).

**Key management personnel compensation**

Key management personnel are paid by Westpac Banking Group. Payments made from the Fund to BT Funds Management Limited do not include any amounts directly attributable to key management personnel.

**Key management personnel loan disclosures**

The Fund has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting period.

**Investments**

The Fund held investments in the following schemes which are also managed by BT Funds Management Limited or its related parties:

	Fair value of investment		Interest held		Distributions received/receivable		Units acquired during the year		Units disposed during the year	
	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2010 %	2009 %	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000
BT Institutional Liquidity Management Trust	142,553	217,572	4.31	5.92	6,977	18,074	56,103	294,784	(131,122)	(412,414)

Distributions received/receivable includes the following amounts which remain unpaid at the end of each reporting period:

	Distributions receivable	
	30 June 2010 \$'000	30 June 2009 \$'000
BT Institutional Liquidity Management Trust	621	960

The principal activity of the fund is denoted by the name of the trust.

Other transactions within  
the Fund

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Fund during the financial year and there were no material contracts involving key management personnel's interests existing at year end.

**11\_Reconciliation of operating  
profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/  
(outflow) from operating  
activities**

	Year Ended 30 June 2010 \$'000	Year Ended 30 June 2009 \$'000
<b>a_Reconciliation of operating profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities</b>		
Operating profit/(loss) for the year	6,277	16,860
Net change in accrued income and receivables	341	1,415
Net change in payables	(198)	—
<b>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities</b>	<b>6,420</b>	<b>18,275</b>
<b>b_Non-cash financing and investing activities</b>		
During the year, the following distribution payments were satisfied by the issue of units under the distribution reinvestment plan.	5,418	16,725

**12\_Events occurring after the  
reporting period**

No significant events have occurred since the end of the reporting period which would impact on the financial position of the Fund disclosed in the balance sheet as at 30 June 2010 or on the results and cash flows of the Fund for the year ended on that date.

**13\_Contingent assets and  
liabilities and commitments**

There are no outstanding contingent assets, liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2010 and 30 June 2009.

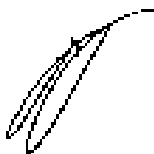
## Directors declaration

In the opinion of the directors of the Responsible Entity:

- a\_ the financial statements and notes set out on pages 7 to 27 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
  - i\_ complying with Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
  - ii\_ giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2010 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- b\_ there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

As stated in note 2(a), the financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Gai McGrath  
Director



John Frechtling  
Director

Sydney  
3 September 2010

**PricewaterhouseCoopers**  
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## **Independent auditor's report to the unitholders of BT Premium Cash Fund**

### **Report on the financial statement**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of BT Premium Cash Fund, which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2010, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies, other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration for BT Premium Cash Fund ('the Fund').

### **Directors' responsibility for the financial statements**

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In note 2(a), the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial statements of BT Premium Cash Fund, comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

### **Auditor's responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Our procedures include reading the other information in the annual report to determine whether it contains any material inconsistencies with the financial statements.

Our audit did not involve an analysis of the prudence of the business decisions made by the directors or management.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Matters relating to the electronic presentation of the audited financial statements**

The audit report relates to the financial statements of BT Premium Cash Fund (the 'Fund') for the financial year ended 30 June 2010 included on the BT Premium Cash Fund's web site. The responsible entity's directors are responsible for the integrity of the BT Premium Cash Fund web site. We have not been engaged to report on the integrity of this web site. The audit report refers only to the financial statements identified above. It does not provide an opinion on any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the financial statements. If users of this report are concerned with the inherent risks arising from electronic data communications they are advised to refer to the hard copy of the audited financial statements to confirm the information included in the audited financial statements presented on this web site.

### **Independence**

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

### **Auditor's opinion on the financial statements**

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial statements of BT Premium Cash Fund are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
  - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2010 and its performance for the year ended on that date; and
  - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and
- (b) the financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in note 2(a).



PriceWaterhouseCoopers



Claire Keating  
Partner  
PriceWaterhouseCoopers

Sydney  
3 September 2010



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